# Q.P. Code - 50722

# Second Year B.Sc. Degree Examination

### SEPTEMBER/OCTOBER 2013

### (Directorate of Distance Education)

## (DSB 230) Paper II - MATHEMATICS

Time: 3 Hours

[Max. Marks: 90

#### Instructions to Candidates:

Answer any **SIX** full questions of the following choosing atleast **ONE** from each Part.

#### PART - A

- 1. (a) (i) Find the order and degree of differential equation  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + a^2x = 0$ . 2
  - (ii) Show that  $y = a \cos x + b \sin x$  is the solution of the differential equation  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + y = 0$ .
  - (b) Solve  $(x^2 y^2)dx = 2xy dy$ .
  - (c) Solve  $(2xy^2 y)dx + x dy = 0$ .
- 2. (a) (i) Solve  $P^2 + 2Px 3x^2 = 0$ .
  - (ii) Find the general and singular solution of the equation  $y = Px + \frac{a}{P}$ . 2
  - (b) Solve  $16x^2 + 2P^2y P^3x = 0$ .
  - (c) Show that the family of parabolas  $y^2 = 4a(x+a)$  is self orthogonal. 6

# Q.P. Code - 50722

#### PART - B

3. (a) (i) Solve 
$$[D^2+8D+16]y=0$$
.

(ii) Solve  $[D^4+8D^2+16]y=\cos 3x+5$ .

(b) Solve  $(D^2-2D+5)y=e^x\cos 2x$ .

5. (c) Solve the simultaneous equations
$$(D+7)x-y=0\\2x+(D+5)y=0$$
4. (a) (i) Evaluate  $\lim_{x\to 0}\left(\frac{1}{x^2-1}-\frac{1}{x-1}\right)$ .

(ii) Evaluate  $\lim_{x\to 0}\left(\frac{1}{x}-\frac{1}{e^x-1}\right)$ .

2. (b) Expand  $\log(1+\sin x)$  upto  $x^4$  using Maclaurin's series.

5. (c) State and prove Roll's theorem.

6. (a) (i) In a group  $G$ , if every element has its own inverse then prove that  $G$  is abelian.

(ii) Find the number of generators of the cyclic group of order 30.

(b) Prove that in a group  $G$ ,  $o(a)=o(a^{-1}) \forall a \in G$ .

5. (c) State and prove Euler's theorem.

6. (a) (i) Solve  $2x-3<5x+3<2x+3$ .

(ii) For any two real numbers  $x$  and  $y$  show that  $|x+y| \le |x|+|y|$ .

(b) Find the order of the permutation  $\varphi$  and also find whether it is even or odd, where  $\varphi=\begin{pmatrix}1&2&3&4&5&6&7&8&9&10\\5&9&6&3&1&4&2&10&8&7\end{pmatrix}$ .

(c) Find the envelope of the family of lines  $x\cos^3 \alpha + y\sin^3 \alpha = a$ , where  $\alpha$  is

a parameter.

# Q.P. Code - 50722

### PART - D

2

5

- Find the limit of the sequence  $\frac{2n+3}{5n-4}$ . 7. (a) Show that the sequence  $\{x_n\} = n(n+1)$  is monotonic. 2 If the sequence  $\{x_n\}$  converges to l and  $\{y_n\}$  converges to m then show that  $\{x_n + y_n\}$  converges to l + m. 5 6 Prove that every convergent sequence is bounded. Show that the series  $\sum \frac{1}{n(n+1)}$  is converges to 1. 2 8. (a) Discuss the convergence of the series  $1 + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{9} + \frac{1}{27} + \cdots$ . 2 (ii)
  - State and prove D'Alemberts ratio test. (b)
  - Find the sum to infinity of the series (c)

$$\frac{1}{1\cdot 3} + \frac{1}{2\cdot 5} + \frac{1}{3\cdot 7} + \cdots + \cos \infty$$